

ESMI22051TEI multi- criteria detector with isolator

Instruction Sheet
R10159GB0



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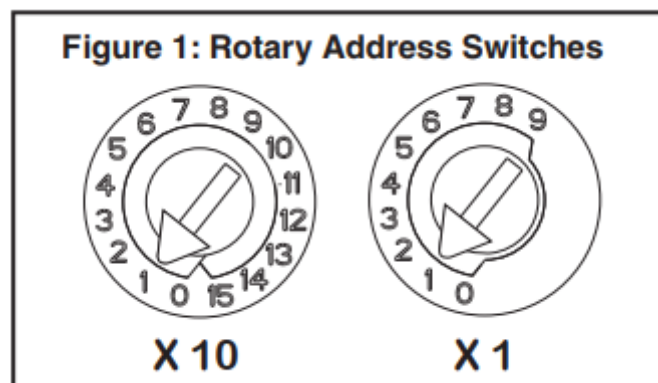
1 ESMI22051TEI multi-criteria detector with Isolator

The ESMI22051TEI multi-criteria detector with isolator sensors is plug-in type fire sensor that combine dual detection capability with addressable communications. A photoelectronic sensing chamber detects smoke, while a thermal element provides rate-of-rise and fixed temperature heat sensing. These sensors are designed for open area protection and must only be connected to control panels that use a compatible proprietary communication protocol for monitoring and control. The ESMI22051TEI sensor contains an isolator, if installing this version check the panel documentation for details of how many isolators can be used on a loop. Two LEDs on each sensor light to provide a local 360° visible sensor indication (operation of LEDs are dependent on panel). Remote LED indicator capability is available as an optional accessory wired to the standard base terminals (again dependent on panel).

Product code: FFS06710603

1.1 Sensor Installation

1. Set the sensor address (see figure 1) by turning the two rotary switches on the underside of the sensor, selecting a number between 01 and 159. (Note: The number of addresses available will be dependent on panel capability, check the panel documentation for information on this). Record the address on the label attached to the base.



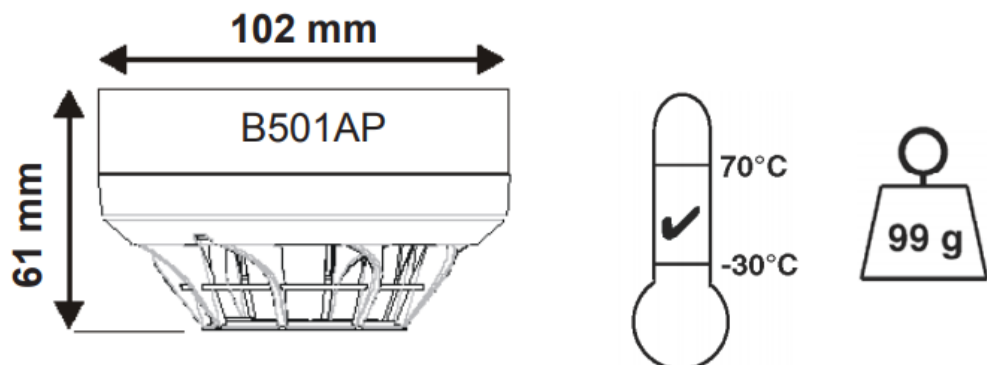
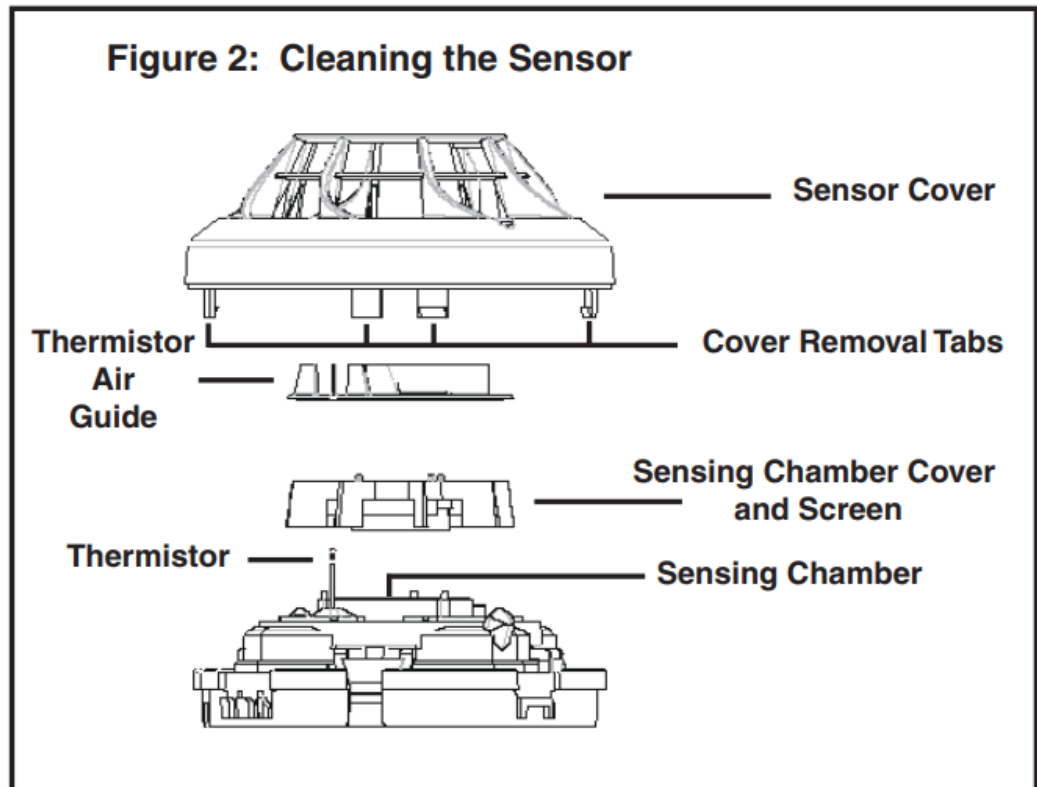
2. Insert the sensor into the base and rotate it clockwise until it locks into place.
3. After all the sensors have been installed, apply power to the system.
4. Test the sensor as described under TESTING.
5. Reset the sensor by communication command from the panel.

1.1.1 Tamper-Resistance

These sensors includes a feature that, when activated, prevents removal of the sensor from the base without the use of a tool. Refer to the installation instructions for the sensor base for details of how to use this feature.

1.1.2 Caution

Dust covers help to protect units during shipping and when first installed. They are not intended to provide complete protection against contamination therefore sensors should be removed before construction, major re-decoration or other dust producing work is started. Dust covers must be removed before system can be made operational.



1.2 Maintenance

Before cleaning, disable the system to prevent unwanted alarms:

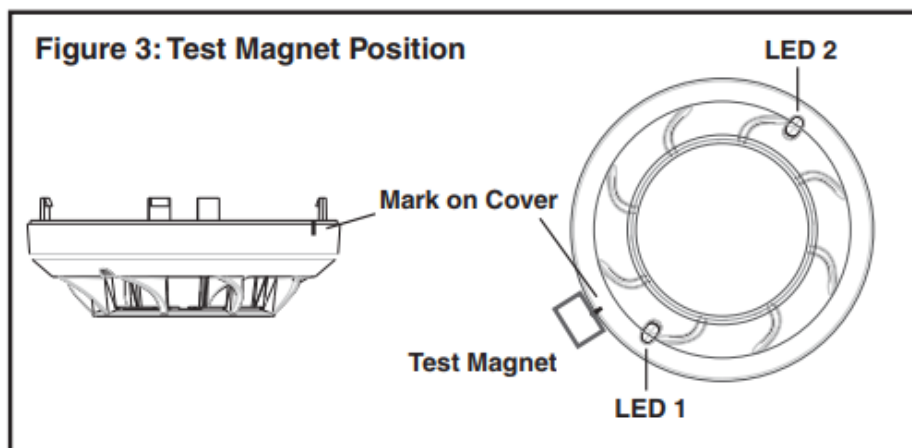
1. Remove the sensor to be cleaned from the system.
2. Gently release each of the four cover removal tabs that hold the covering place (see figure 2) and remove the sensor cover.
3. Vacuum the outside of the screen/chamber cover carefully without removing it.
4. Remove the screen/chamber cover assembly by pulling it straight out.
5. Use a vacuum cleaner and/or clean, compressed air to remove dust and debris from the sensing chamber and sensing chamber cover.
6. Re-install the sensing chamber cover by aligning the square and round holes on the cover with the square and round pins around the sensing chamber, gently pressing it home until it slips into place.
7. Re-install the sensor cover. Use the cover removal tabs and LEDs to align the cover with the sensor. Snap the cover into place.
8. When all sensors have been cleaned, restore power to the loop and test the sensor(s) as described under TESTING.

1.3 Testing

Sensors must be tested after installation and following periodic maintenance. Disable the zone or system undergoing maintenance to prevent unwanted alarms.

1.4 Magnet Method

1. Test the sensor by positioning the test magnet against the sensor body approximately 2cm from LED 1, indicated by a mark on the sensor cover as shown in figure 3.
2. Both LED's on the sensor should latch into alarm within 30 seconds, activating the control panel.



1.5 Smoke Method

1. Using generated smoke, or synthetic smoke aerosol from an approved manufacturer, subject the sensor to controlled amounts of smoke in accordance with local codes of practice and manufacturer recommendations.
2. Both LED's on the sensor should latch into alarm within 30 seconds, activating the control panel. After completion of the test notify the proper authorities that the system is operational.

1.6 Direct Heat Method (Hair dryer of 1000-1500 watts)

1. Direct the heat toward the sensor from its side. Hold the heat source about 15 cm away to prevent damage to the cover during testing.
2. The LEDs on the sensor should light when the temperature at the sensor reaches 58°C.
3. Reset the sensor at the system control panel. After completion of the test notify the proper authorities that the system is operational.

1.7 Warning limitations of smoke sensors

Fire sensors must be used in conjunction with compatible equipment. Smoke sensors will not sense fires which start where smoke does not reach the sensors. A sensor may not detect a fire developing on another level of a building. Smoke sensors also have sensing limitations. Consideration must be made of the environment when selecting fire sensors. Fire sensors cannot last forever. Fire sensors contain electronic parts. Even though sensors are made to last over 10 years, any of these parts could fail at any time. Therefore, test your fire detection system at least semi-annually. Clean and take care of your smoke sensors regularly. Taking care of the fire detection system you have installed will significantly reduce your product liability risks.