# TAC Vista







Technical Manual



# TAC Vista

## TAC Vista OPC Server

Technical Manual



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## Contents

### INTRODUCTION

1	About this Manual		9
	1.1	Structure	
	1.2	Typographic Conventions	
	1.3	Terminology	
G	etting	g Started	
2	<b>Plann</b> i 2.1	ing the OPC Configuration The Described Scenario	<b>15</b>
3	Config	guring TAC Vista OPC Server	17
	3.1	Running Vista OPC Server as a Service	
	3.1.1	Adding a Windows Account for Vista OPC Server	
	3.1.2	Running Vista OPC Server as a Service	19
	3.2	Configuring the COM Servers for DCOM Communication	21
	3.3	Creating a Vista Account	23
	3.4	Configuring the Vista OPC Server Login	
4	Confi	guring Windows Firewall	27
	4.1	Allowing Exceptions in Windows Firewall	
	4.2	Enabling File and Printer Sharing	
	4.3	Setting a Windows Firewall Program Exception	
	4.4	Setting a Windows Firewall Port Exception	
5	Confi	guring DCOM Permissions	35
	5.1	Adding a User Account	
	5.2	Setting Access Permissions	
	5.3	Setting Launch and Activation Permissions	43
	5.4	Setting Local User Authentication	49
6	Confi	guring OPCEnum for DCOM Communication	51
Re	FEREN	ICE	
7	ΤΑС Ν	/ista OPC Server	57
Inc	lov		50
1110	バレン		57

59

## INTRODUCTION

**1** About this Manual

## **1** About this Manual

This manual describes a particular process. For information on certain products, we refer you to the manual or the Help for the product in question.

For information on how to install software, we refer you to the instructions delivered with the software.

For information on third party products, we refer you to the instructions delivered with the third party product.

If you discover errors and/or unclear descriptions in this manual, please contact your TAC representative.

#### 📝 Note

- We are continuously improving and correcting our documentation. This manual may have been updated.
- Please check www.tac.com for the latest version.

### 1.1 Structure

The manual is divided into the following parts:

#### Introduction

The Introduction section contains information on how this manual is structured and how it should be used to find information in the most efficient way.

#### Getting Started

The Getting Started section contains a step-by-step description of how to engineer or carry out different tasks. It also gives you guided instructions on how to complete a sample project. If you want more information, see the corresponding chapter in the Reference section of the manual.

#### Reference

The Reference section contains more comprehensive information about various parts of the Getting Started section. It also provides you with information on alternative solutions not covered by the Getting Started section.

#### **Typographic Conventions** 1.2

Throughout the manual the following specially marked texts may occur.

#### $\wedge$ Warning

Alerts you that failure to take, or avoid, a specific action might • result in physical harm to you or to the hardware.



#### Caution

Alerts you to possible data loss, breaches of security, or other • more serious problems.



#### Important

Alerts you to supplementary information that is essential to the • completion of a task.



#### Note

Alerts you to supplementary information. •



 $\bigcirc$ 

#### Tip

• Alerts you to supplementary information that is not essential to the completion of the task at hand.

#### Advanced X)

Alerts you that the following information applies to complex • tasks or tasks restricted by access.

#### Terminology 1.3

Term	Description
AE	OPC Alarm and Events standard specification
СОМ	Component Object Model
DA	OPC Data Access standard specification

Term	Description
DCOM	Distributed Component Object Model
HDA	OPC Historical Data Access standard specifica- tion
OLE	Object Linking and Embedding
OPC	A set of open standards for exchanging process control information. Formerly known as OLE for Process Control.
OPCEnum	OPCEnum is a program supplied by the OPC Foundation to allow prospective client applica- tions to obtain a list of available OPC servers on the local or a remote computer.

## **GETTING STARTED**

- 2 Planning the OPC Configuration
- **3** Configuring TAC Vista OPC Server
- 4 Configuring Windows Firewall
- 5 Configuring DCOM Permissions
- 6 Configuring OPCEnum for DCOM Communication

## 2

## Planning the OPC Configuration

One of the major parts in setting up OPC communication is configuring the COM permissions for remote communication. This is also referred to as distributed COM (DCOM).

When setting up DCOM for OPC communication, there are a number of network environment options:

- OPC server and OPC client on the same domain
- OPC server and OPC client on different domains
- OPC server and OPC client in the same workgroup
- OPC server on a domain and OPC client in a workgroup
- OPC server in a workgroup and OPC client on a domain

For more information on different network environments, see the Reference part of this manual.

## 2.1 The Described Scenario

In the scenario described in this manual, both the computer running Vista OPC Server and the computer running the OPC client are connected to the network and belong to the same workgroup. The operating system on both of the computers is Windows XP SP2.



The following programs have to be installed and licensed:

Vista Server with Workstation

Vista OPC Server

For information on how to install Vista Server with Workstation and Vista OPC Server, see the *TAC Software, Installation Manual*.



• It is recommended that you run Vista Server and Vista OPC Server on the same computer.

You have to set up communication between Vista OPC Server and Vista Server. You do this in Vista OPC Server Setup by specifying the account that Vista OPC Server has to use to log in to Vista Server. The account is either a Windows account or a Vista account. In the described scenario, a Vista account is used.

Setting up Vista Server and Vista OPC Server includes:

- Creating a dedicated Windows user account under which you set Vista Server (TACOS) to run as a service
- Creating a dedicated Windows user account under which you set Vista OPC Server (TACOPC) to run as a service
- Configuring the Vista OPC Server COM servers (TAC Object Server OPC DA Services and TAC Object Server OPC AE Services) for DCOM
- Creating a Vista account for the Vista OPC Server login to Vista Server

OPC communication requires that you allow a number of programs to communicate over the network. If you run Windows Firewall, you have to allow exceptions in the firewall for the programs that participate in OPC communication. You also have to set up identical accounts on the computer running Vista OPC Server and the OPC client.

When you have set up the accounts, you have to configure DCOM for OPC by allowing communication over DCOM.

OPCEnum is a small program that makes it possible for an OPC client to locate OPC servers. You have to configure OPCEnum for DCOM on the computer running Vista OPC Server.

In the described scenario, setting up OPC communication includes:

- Configuring Windows Firewall
- Creating identical accounts for the OPC communication users
- Configuring DCOM permissions
- Configuring OPCEnum for DCOM

3

## **Configuring TAC Vista OPC Server**

You have to perform a number of tasks to make data from the Vista database (Vista Server) available to OPC clients.

It is recommended that you set Vista Server (TACOS) to run as a service. Thus, you can avoid the problem of Vista Server closing down when a user logs off the computer where the program is installed.

For information on how to install Vista Server as a service, see the *TAC Vista, Technical Manual.* 

Vista OPC Server is programmed to run as a service. It is recommended that you set it to run as a service under a designated Windows user account.

For more information on running an application under a designated user account see the *TAC Vista OPC Client - General, Technical Manual.* 

In order to make the data from Vista Server available to OPC clients via Vista OPC Server, you have to create a login account under which Vista OPC Server can log into Vista Server. You also have to set Vista OPC Server to log in to Vista Server under the specified account.

## 3.1 Running Vista OPC Server as a Service

When you run Vista OPC Server as a service, you set the application to run in the background.



#### Important

• To prevent the server from closing down when a user logs off the computer, you have to run Vista OPC Server as a service.

Note Note

You do not have to configure DCOM or OPCEnum for the account under which you run the service.

#### 3.1.1 Adding a Windows Account for Vista OPC Server

An application run as a service always runs under a specified user account. The user account provides the security context for the application. That is, you can limit the application's access to resources and objects on the operating system by setting permissions for the account. Limiting the access helps safeguard your system if the individual service or process is compromised.

It is recommended that you run Vista OPC Server as a service under a designated Windows user account.



#### Important

- It is recommended that you use one designated account for all OPC servers.
- The designated user account should be an Administrator account on the local computer.

#### To add a Windows account for Vista OPC Server

1 On the computer running Vista OPC Server, start Computer Management.

#### Tip

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- You can access Computer Management in Control Panel under • Administrative Tools.
- 2 In the tree structure, right-click System Tools\Local Users and Groups\Users, and then click New User.



- 3 In the New User dialog box, in the User name box, type a name.
- In the **Description** box, type a description for the user. 4
- In the **Password** box, type a password. 5

- 6 In the **Confirm password** box, type the password again.
- 7 Clear the User must change password at next logon check box.
- 8 Select the User cannot change password check box.
- 9 Select the **Password never expires** check box.

New User	? 🛛			
User name:	OPC_Communication			
Full name:				
Description:	User account designated for OPC communication			
Password:	•••••			
Confirm password	•••••			
User must change password at next logon				
🗹 User cannot c	✓ User cannot change password			
Password nev	Password never expires			
Account is disabled				
	Create Close			

10 Click Create, and then click Close.

Repeat the procedure on the computer running the OPC client.

#### 3.1.2 Running Vista OPC Server as a Service

When you run Vista OPC Server as a service in manual startup mode, the application starts when an OPC client calls the service.

For more information on running an application as a service, see the *TAC Vista OPC Client* - *General, Technical Manual.* 

#### To run Vista OPC Server as a service

1 On the computer running Vista OPC Server, start Services.

#### Tip

- You can access Services in Control Panel under Administrative Tools.
- 2 Right-click TAC Vista OPC Server, and then click **Properties**.

- **3** Click the **General** tab.
- 4 In the **Startup type** box, make sure that **Manual** is selected.

TAC Vista OPC Server Properties (Local Computer)			
General Log On Recovery Dependencies			
Service name: TACOPC			
Display name: TAC Vista OPC Server			
Description:			
Path to executable:			
Startup type: Manual 💌			
Service status: Started			
Start Stop Pause Resume			
You can specify the start parameters that apply when you start the service from here.			
Start parameters:			
OK Cancel Apply			

- 5 Click the Log On tab.
- 6 Click This account.
- 7 Click Browse.
- 8 In the Select User dialog box, in the Enter the object name to select box, type the name of the designated user account.

#### 9 Click Check Names.

TAC Vista OPC Server Properties (Local Computer) 🛛 🔹 🔀			
General Log On Reco	very Dependencies		
Log on as:			
Local System account Allow service to interact with desktop			
<ul> <li>This account:</li> </ul>	.\OPC_Communication Browse		
Password:	•••••		
Confirm password:	•••••		
You can enable or disab	le this service for the hardware profiles listed below:		
Hardware Profile Service			
Profile 1	Enabled		
	Enable Disable		
OK Cancel Apply			

- 10 In the Password box, type the password.
- **11** In the **Confirm password** box, type the password again.
- 12 Click OK.

# 3.2 Configuring the COM Servers for DCOM Communication

The COM servers, that is, TAC Object Server OPC DA Services and TAC Object Server OPC AE Services, are the COM interface of Vista OPC Server.

When you have set Vista OPC Server to run as a service, you have to configure the COM servers for DCOM to enable communication to and from Vista OPC Server.

#### To configure the COM servers for DCOM Communication

**1** On the computer running Vista OPC Server, start Component Services.

#### Tip

 $\bigcirc$ 

- You can access Component Services in Control Panel under Administrative Tools.
- 2 In the tree structure, double-click Component Services\Computers\My Computer\DCOM Config.
- **3** Locate the COM server. That is, TAC Object Server OPC DA Services or TAC Object Server OPC AE Services.
- 4 Click the **Identity** tab.
- 5 Click This account.
- 6 Click Browse.
- 7 In the Select User dialog box, in the Enter the object name to select box, type the name of the designated user account.
- 8 Click Check Names.

TAC Object Server OPC	<b>AE Services Properties</b>	? 🔀		
General Location Securi	ty Endpoints Identity			
Which user account do you want to use to run this application?				
C The interactive user.	C The interactive user.			
C The launching user.				
This user.				
User:	.\OPC_Communication	Browse		
Password:				
Confirm password:				
C The system account (services only).				
OK Cancel Apply				

9 In the **Password** box, type the password.

- **10** In the **Confirm** password box, type the password again.
- 11 Click OK.



#### Important

- You have to configure DCOM for both TAC Object Server OPC DA Services and TAC Object Server OPC AE Services.
- In order for the communication to work, you have to use the designated account under which you run Vista OPC Server as a service.
- The designated account should be an Administrator account on the local computer.

) Tip

• It is recommended that you use one designated user account to run all OPC servers.

## 3.3 Creating a Vista Account

Vista OPC Server (TACOPC) can log in to Vista Server (TACOS) in two ways:

- Using a Vista account
- Using a Windows account

A Vista account is used when Vista Server is configured for low-level security.

For more information on Vista Server security and on how to create a Vista User, see the *TAC Vista, Technical Manual.* 

In the described scenario, Vista OPC Server logs in to Vista Server using a Vista account.

The authority level required for handling items in Vista depends on the required functionality in the OPC client. In the described scenario, the

**Field manager** authority level is used and **Logout time (min)** is set to 0 (zero).

ТАСОРС			
User - Vista			
General			
Description	Vista OPC Server login account		
Password			
Authority level	Field manager		
🖃 Automatic Logout			
Logout time (min)	0		
Standby time (min)	0		
	OK L		

## 3.4 Configuring the Vista OPC Server Login

When you configure Vista OPC Server you use the TAC Vista Server Setup program to specify the account to use when Vista OPC Server (TACOPC) logs in to Vista Server (TACOS).

In the described scenario, Vista OPC Server uses a Vista account to log in to Vista Server.

#### To configure the Vista OPC Server login

- 1 Start TAC Vista OPC Server Setup.
- 2 In the TAC Vista OPC Server Setup dialog box, click the TAC Vista Server tab.
- 3 In the Location of TAC Vista Server area, make sure that the Local box is selected.
- 4 In the **Retry connect period** area, make sure that the value is set to 360 seconds.
- 5 In the Login to TAC Vista Server area, click Login using the following Vista account.
- 6 In the Username box, type the name of the specified Vista user.

🛃 TAC Vista OPC Server Setup			
TAC Vista Server Trace			
Location of TAC Vista Server Local:  Remote on:			
Retry connect period 360 seconds			
Login to TAC Vista Server C Login using the Windows account which is running the TAC Vista OPC Server service			
Contract			
Username: TACOPC			
Password:			
OK Cancel Apply Help			

7 In the **Password** box, type the specified user's password.

8 Click OK.

## 4

## **Configuring Windows Firewall**

By default, Windows Firewall stops incoming and outgoing OPC traffic that is not explicitly allowed. To enable OPC communication, you have to allow exceptions and set program exceptions and port exceptions in Windows Firewall.



#### Important

- If you are running Vista OPC Server and the OPC client on the same computer, you do not have configure Windows Firewall.
- Your Windows Firewall might be controlled by group policies and be turned off or turned on and may not allow any exceptions. In this case, contact your local IT department.

#### 📝 🛛 Notes

- The programs you have to add to the **Exceptions** list can differ between OPC clients from different manufacturers.
- For more information, see the documentation provided by the OPC client manufacturer.

## 4.1 Allowing Exceptions in Windows Firewall

To be able to allow exceptions in Windows Firewall, you have to make sure that exceptions are allowed both on the computer running Vista OPC Server and on the computer running the OPC client.

#### To allow exceptions in Windows Firewall

1 On the computer running Vista OPC Server, start **Windows Fire-**wall.

#### Tip

- You can access Windows Firewall in Control Panel.
- 2 In Windows Firewall, click the General tab.

**3** Clear the **Don't allow exceptions** check box.



4 Click OK.

Repeat the procedure above for the computer running the OPC client.

### 4.2 Enabling File and Printer Sharing

To enable OPC clients to browse to a remote computer with Vista OPC Server, you have to enable File and Printer Sharing on both the computer running Vista OPC Server and the computer running the OPC client.

#### To enable File and Printer Sharing

**1** On the computer running Vista OPC Server, start Windows Firewall.

#### 💡 Tip

- You can access Windows Firewall in Control Panel.
- 2 In Windows Firewall, click the **Exceptions** tab.

Windows Firewall			
General Exceptions Advanced			
Windows Firewall is turned off. Your network control these settings. Programs and Services:	ork administrator is using Group Policy to		
Name	Group Policy		
✓ File and Printer Sharing	No		
✓ iTunes	No		
McAfee Framework Service	No		
Message Queuing	No		
MSN Messenger 7.5	No		
Remote Assistance	No		
Remote Desktop	No		
UPnP Framework	No		
Add Program Add Port	Edit Delete		
Display a notification when Windows F     What are the risks of allowing exceptions	irewall blocks a program		
	OK Cancel		

#### **3** Select the **File and Printer Sharing** check box.

#### 4 Click OK.

Repeat the procedure above for the computer running the OPC client.

### 4.3 Setting a Windows Firewall Program Exception

To enable communication between Vista OPC Server and the OPC client, you have to make a number of exceptions in Windows Firewall for programs that need to communicate with another computer or device. For example:

- Microsoft Management Console (required for using administrative tools on the computer)
- OPCEnum (used for browsing remote computers for OPC servers)
- TAC Vista OPC Server (TACOPC)
- OPC client programs
- Tools used for setting up the communication between an OPC server and an OPC client.
- Vista Server (TACOS)

You have to set exceptions both on the computer running Vista OPC Server and on the computer running the OPC client.

#### 📝 Note

• It may be appropriate to permanently turn off Windows Firewall if the computer is sufficiently protected behind a corporate firewall. When turned off, the individual Windows Firewall settings outlined in this chapter need not be performed to enable OPC communication.

You have to make exceptions for the following programs on the computer running Vista OPC Server:

- Microsoft Management Console (mmc.exe)
- OPCEnum, required by many OPC clients for browsing a computer for OPC servers (OPCENUM.EXE)
- TAC Vista OPC Server (TACOPC.exe)
- Vista Server (TACOS)

You may have to make exceptions on the computer running the OPC client for the following programs:

- Microsoft Management Console (mmc.exe)
- The OPC client program
- Any tools used for browsing computers for OPC servers or setting up OPC items in a client database

#### To set a Windows Firewall program exception

1 In Control Panel, click the **Windows Firewall** icon on the computer running Vista OPC Server.

- 2 In Windows Firewall, click the **Exceptions** tab.
- **3** Click **Add Program**.
- **4** Browse to the \*.exe file for the program you want to add to the **Exceptions** list.
- 5 Click **Open**, and then click **OK**.

🗃 Windows Firewall			
General Exceptions Advanced			
Windows Firewall is turned off. Your network administrator is using Group Policy to control these settings.			
Name	Group Policy		
✓ File and Printer Sharing	No		
I I unes	No		
McAfee Framework Service	No		
Message Queuing	No		
✓ mmc.exe	No		
MSN Messenger 7.5	No		
Remote Assistance	No		
Remote Desktop	No		
UPnP Framework	No		
Add Program Add Port	Edit Delete		
Display a notification when Windows Firewall blocks a program			
What are the risks of allowing exceptions?			
	OK Cancel		

Repeat the procedure above to add all of the required programs to the **Exceptions** list on both the computer running Vista OPC Server and the computer running the OPC client. On the computer running Vista OPC Server you have to add:

- Microsoft Management Console C:\WINDOWS\ system32\mmc.exe
- OPCENUM C:\WINDOWS\OPCENUM.EXE
- TAC Vista OPC Server C:\Program Files\TAC\TAC Vista OPC Server\TACOPC.exe

TAC Vista Server - C:\Program Files\TAC\TAC Vista [version ٠ number]\TACOS.exe

🖗 Windows Firewall		×		
General Exceptions Advanced				
Windows Firewall is turned off. Your network administrator is using Group Policy to control these settings.				
Name	Group Policy	~		
✓ File and Printer Sharing	No			
I iTunes	No			
McAfee Framework Service	No			
Message Queuing	No			
mmc.exe	No			
MSN Messenger 7.5	No			
OPCENUM.EXE	No			
Remote Assistance	No			
Remote Desktop	No			
TACOPC.exe	No			
	No			
Add Program Add Port	Edit Delete			
Display a notification when Windows Firewall blocks a program     What are the risks of allowing exceptions?				
OK Cancel				

#### Setting a Windows Firewall Port Exception 4.4

To enable communication between Vista OPC Server and the OPC client, you have to make an exception in Windows Firewall for port 135 where DCOM communication takes place. You have make the settings both on the computer running Vista OPC Server and on the computer running the OPC client.



#### Note

If the Vista system is a multi-computer network, the port has • already been added to the Exceptions list.

#### To set a Windows Firewall port exception

**1** On the computer running Vista OPC Server, start Windows Firewall.

#### Тір

 $\bigcirc$ 

- You can access Windows Firewall in Control Panel.
- 2 Click the **Exceptions** tab.
- 3 Click Add Port.
- 4 In the Name box, type "DCOM".
- 5 In the **Port Number** box, type "135".
- 6 Click TCP.

Add a Port	×
Use these settings number and protoc want to use.	to open a port through Windows Firewall. To find the port ol, consult the documentation for the program or service you
Name:	DCOM
Port number:	135
What are the risks	of opening a port?
Change scope	OK Cancel

#### 7 Click OK.

🖗 Windows Firewall			
General Exceptions Advanced			
Windows Firewall is turned off. Your network a control these settings. Programs and Services:	administrator is using Group Policy to		
Name	Group Policy		
DCOM	No		
☑ File and Printer Sharing	No		
I iTunes	No		
McAfee Framework Service	No		
Message Queuing	No		
MSN Messenger 7.5	No		
Remote Assistance	No		
Remote Desktop	No		
UPnP Framework	No		
Add Program Add Port	Edit Delete		
✓ Display a notification when Windows Firewall blocks a program			
What are the risks of allowing exceptions?			
	OK Cancel		

#### 8 Click OK.

Repeat the procedure on the computer running the OPC client.

## 5

## **Configuring DCOM Permissions**

When the computer running Vista OPC Server and the computer running the OPC client are members of the same workgroup, you have to use identical user accounts on the computer running Vista OPC Server and on the computer running the OPC client.

OPC servers and clients use the DCOM protocol to communicate. You have to set up DCOM security permissions for all the user accounts for which you want to grant the permission to use the DCOM protocol to communicate over the network.



#### Important

• You have to be an Administrator on the computer where you want to set up DCOM.

For more information on permissions and DCOM, see the *TAC Vista* OPC Client - General, Technical Manual.

### 5.1 Adding a User Account

For security reasons, it is recommended that you limit the permissions to a group account or user account designated for OPC communication, rather than granting remote permissions to any of the system accounts.



#### Important

- In a workgroup, you have to add identical user accounts (identical name and password) on the computer running Vista OPC Server and the computer running the OPC client.
- You have to configure DCOM permissions for all accounts that participate in OPC communication.

#### Tip

• You can place the users that participate in OPC communication in a group to facilitate the administration of the accounts.

Regardless of whether an account belongs to a group or not, the account still has to be added both to the computer running Vista OPC Server and to the computer running the OPC client.

#### To add a user account

**1** On the computer running Vista OPC Server, start Computer Management.

#### Tip

 $\bigcirc$ 

- You can access Computer Management in Control Panel under Administrative Tools.
- 2 In the tree structure, right-click System Tools\Local Users and Groups\Users, and then click New User.



- 3 In the New User dialog box, in the User name box, type a name.
- 4 In the **Description** box, type a description for the user.
- 5 In the **Password** box, type a password.
- 6 In the **Confirm password** box, type the password again.
- 7 Clear the User must change password at next logon check box.
- 8 Select the User cannot change password check box.

9 Select the **Password never expires** check box.

New User		? 🗙	
User name:	OPC_Communication		
Full name:			
Description:	User account designated for OPC communication		
	-		
Password:	•••••		
Confirm password:	•••••		
	nge password at nevt logon		
User must change password at next logon			
Password never expires			
Account is disabled			
	Create Clos	e	

10 Click Create, and then click Close.

Repeat the procedure on the computer running the OPC client.

## 5.2 Setting Access Permissions

Access permissions define the access an account has to a launched application. You have to set access permissions on both the computer running Vista OPC Server and the computer running the OPC client.

#### To set access permissions

**1** On the computer running Vista OPC Server, start Component Services.

#### Tip

 $\bigcirc$ 

• You can access Component Services in Control Panel under Administrative Tools.

2 In the tree structure, right-click Component Services\Computers\My Computer, and then click Properties.

🚱 Component Service	S		
🐌 File Action View	Window Help	)	
← → 🗈 🖬 🗙 🛛	T 🗗 😫	* <u>*</u>	# 🗇 🖷
📄 Console Root		Computers	1 object(s)
Component Services			
Event Viewer (Local	Stop MS DTC	-	1
🗄 🦓 Services (Local)	Refresh all c	omponents	
	New Window	v from Here	
	Properties		
	Help		

**3** Click the **COM Security** tab.

My Computer Prop	erties	? 🛛		
General	Options	Default Properties		
Default Protocols	s MSDTC	COM Security		
-Access Permission:	s			
You may edit wh also set limits on	io is allowed default access t applications that determine t	o applications. You may heir own permissions.		
	Edit Limits	Edit Default		
Launch and Activation Permissions You may edit who is allowed by default to launch applications or activate objects. You may also set limits on applications that determine their own permissions.				
	Edit Limits	Edit Default		
	ОК	Cancel Apply		

Access Permission		? 🔀
Security Limits		
Group or user names:		
ANONYMOUS LOGON		
🕵 Everyone		
	Add	Remove
Permissions for ANONYMOUS LOGON	Allow	Deny
Local Access		
Remote Access		
1		
	ОК	Cancel

4 In the Access Permissions area, click Edit Limits.

- 5 Click Add.
- 6 In the Select Users and Groups dialog box, in the Enter the object names to select box, type the name of the user you want to grant permissions to.
- 7 Click Check Names.

Select Users or Groups		? 🛛
Select this object type:		
Users, Groups, or Built-in security principals		Object Types
From this location:		
OPC2		Locations
Enter the object names to select (examples):		
VistaSRV1\OPC_Communication		Check Names
, Advanced	ОК	Cancel

- 8 Click OK.
- **9** Select the desired user.
- 10 In the Allow column, select Local Access and Remote Access.

Access Permission		? 🔀
Security Limits		
Group or user names:		
ANONYMOUS LOGON		
2 OPC_Communication (VistaS	RV1\OPC Commu	nication)
1	Add	Remove
Permissions for OPC_Communication	Allow	Deny
Local Access		
Remote Access		
	OK	Cancel

11 Click OK.

Access Permission		? 🔀
Default Security		,
Group or user names:		
	Add	Bemove
Pormissions for SELE	Allow	Denu
Local Access Remote Access		
	Πκ	Cancel

#### 12 In the Access Permissions area, click Edit Default.

- **13** Click Add.
- **14** In the **Select Users and Groups** dialog box, in the **Enter the object names to select** box, type the name of the user you want to grant permissions to.

#### 15 Click Check Names.

Select Users or Groups		? 🗙
Select this object type: Users, Groups, or Built-in security principals		Object Types
From this location: OPC2		Locations
Enter the object names to select ( <u>examples</u> ): <u>VistaSRV1\OPC_Communication</u>		Check Names
Advanced	ОК	Cancel

- 16 Click OK.
- **17** Select the desired user.
- **18** In the Allow column, select Local Access and Remote Access.

Access Permission		? 🔀
Default Security		
Group or user names:		
9 OPC_Communication (VistaSI 9 SELF 9 SYSTEM	RV1\OPC Commu	nication)
Permissions for OPC_Communication	Add	Remove Deny
Local Access Remote Access		
	OK	Cancel

19 Click OK.

20 Click OK to close the My Computer Properties dialog box.



•

#### Important

You have to restart your computer for global changes in DCOM settings to take effect.

Repeat the procedures on the computer running the OPC client.

#### Important

- You have to create identical user accounts and passwords on the computer running Vista OPC Server and the computer running the OPC client.
- Some settings can be OPC client-specific. For more information on how to set access permissions and launch and activation permissions for the computer running the OPC client, consult the literature provided by your OPC client manufacturer.

## 5.3 Setting Launch and Activation Permissions

The launch and activation permissions define which account that can launch a COM-based application, for example, Vista OPC Server, either on the network or locally. You have to set launch and activation permissions on both the computer running Vista OPC Server and the computer running the OPC client.

#### To set launch and activation permissions

1 On the computer running Vista OPC Server, start Component Services.

#### Tip

 $\bigcirc$ 

• You can access Component Services in Control Panel under Administrative Tools.

2 In the tree structure, right-click Component Services\Computers\My Computer, and then click Properties.

🚱 Component Service	S			
🐌 File Action View	Window Help			
← →   🖿 🖬   × :	🖀 🚯 📑	* <u>`</u>	8-8- 🗰 🗐	
🧰 Console Root		Computers	1 object(s)	
Component Services	Stop MS DTC	omponents		
	New Window	from Here		
	Properties			
	Help			

**3** Click the **COM Security** tab.

My Computer Properties		? 🗵
General	Options	Default Properties
Default Protocols	MSDTC	COM Security
-Access Permissions	·	

4 In the Launch and Activation Permissions area, click Edit Limits.

Launch Permission		? 🗙
Security Limits		
Group or user names:		
Administrators (VistaSRV1V4	Administrators)	
Strate Everyone		
	Add	Remove
Permissions for Administrators	Allow	Deny
Local Launch		
Remote Launch		
Remote Activation		
1		_
	ОК	Cancel

- 5 Click Add.
- 6 In the Select Users and Groups dialog box, in the Enter the object names to select box, type the name of the user.
- 7 Click Check Names.

Select Users or Groups		? 🛛
Select this object type:		
Users, Groups, or Built-in security principals		Object Types
From this location:		
OPC2		Locations
Enter the object names to select ( <u>examples</u> ):		
VistaSRV1\OPC_Communication		Check Names
Advanced	ОК	Cancel

#### 8 Click OK.

- **9** Select the desired user.
- 10 In the Allow column, select Local Launch, Remote Launch, Local Activation, and Remote Activation.

Launch Permission		? 🗙
Security Limits		
Group or user names:		
Administrators (VistaSRV1V	Administrators)	
🔮 OPC_Communication (Vista	SRV1\OPC Commu	nication)
1	bdd	Bemove
Permissions for OPC_Communication	Allow	Deny
Local Launch		
Remote Launch		
Remote Activation		
	ОК	Cancel

11 Click OK.

## **12** In the Launch and Activation Permissions area, click Edit Defaults.

Launch Permission		? 🔀
Default Security		
Group or user names:		
Administrators (VistaSRV1V4	Administrators)	
SISIEM		
	Add	Remove
Permissions for Administrators	Allow	Deny
Local Launch	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	
Remote Launch		
Local Activation Bemote Activation		
Hemole Activation		
	ОК	Cancel

- 13 Click Add.
- **14** In the Select Users and Groups dialog box, in the Enter the object names to select box, type the name of the user.
- 15 Click Check Names.

Select Users or Groups	? 🛛
Select this object type:	
Users, Groups, or Built-in security principals	Object Types
From this location:	
OPC2	Locations
Enter the object names to select ( <u>examples)</u> :	
VistaSRV1\OPC_Communication	Check Names
Advanced	OK Cancel

#### 16 Click OK.

- **17** Select the desired user.
- **18** In the Allow column, select Local Launch, Remote Launch, Local Activation, and Remote Activation.

Launch Permission		? 🗙
Default Security		
Group or user names:		
Administrators (VistaSRV1\Ad MINTERACTIVE	dministrators)	
OPC_Communication (VistaS     SYSTEM	RV1\OPC Commun	nication)
, Permissions for OPC_Communication	Add	Remove Deny
Local Launch Remote Launch Local Activation	> > >	
Remote Activation		
	OK	Cancel

- 19 Click OK.
- 20 Click OK to close the My Computer Properties dialog box.



#### Important

• You have to restart your computer for global changes in DCOM settings to take effect.

Repeat the procedures on the computer running the OPC client.

#### Important

•

- You have to create identical user accounts and passwords on the computer running Vista OPC Server and the computer running the OPC client.
- Some settings can be OPC client-specific. For more information on how to set access permissions and launch and activation permissions for the computer running the OPC client, consult the literature provided by your OPC client manufacturer.

## 5.4 Setting Local User Authentication

When a computer involved in OPC communication tries to log in to another computer involved in OPC communication, it has to authenticate as itself on the contacted computer. If the authentication fails, the contacted computer will not allow the contacting computer access. You have to set local user authentication on both the computer running Vista OPC Server and the computer running the OPC client.

#### To set local user authentication

1 On the computer running Vista OPC Server, start Local Security Policy.



#### Tip •

You can access Local Security Policy in Control Panel under Administrative Tools.

**2** Double-click Local Policies\Security Options\Network access: Sharing and security model for local accounts.

Network access: Sharing and security model for local ? 🔀
Local Security Setting
Network access: Sharing and security model for local accounts
Classic - local users authenticate as themselves
OK Cancel Apply

- **3** Click Local Security Settings Classic local users authenticate as themselves.
- 4 Click OK.

Repeat the procedure on the computer running the OPC client.

6

## Configuring OPCEnum for DCOM Communication

OPCEnum is a program that has to be installed on both the computer running Vista OPC Server and the computer running the OPC client. Vista OPC Server installs OPCEnum on the computer. If your OPC client application does not install OPCEnum, you have to manually install and register it on the computer running the OPC client.

On the computer running the OPC client, OPCEnum is used by the operating system to interpret responses from the computer running Vista OPC Server. Tools used for browsing OPC servers require OPCEnum on the computer running the OPC server in order to locate and browse OPC servers on that computer. You have to configure OPCEnum on the computer running Vista OPC Server.

For more information on OPCEnum, please visit www.opcfoundation.org.



#### Important

• You have to be an Administrator on the computer where you want to set up DCOM.

#### To configure OPCEnum for DCOM Communications

1 On the computer running Vista OPC Server, start Component Services.



#### Тір

You can access Component Services in Control Panel under Administrative Tools.

2 In the tree structure, double-click Component Services\Computers\My Computer\DCOM Config.



- 3 Right-click OPCEnum, and then click Properties.
- 4 In the OPCEnum **Properties** dialog box, click the **General** tab.
- 5 In the Authentication Level box, click Default.

OpcEnum Properties
General Location Security Endpoints Identity
General properties of this DCOM application
Application Name: OpcEnum
Application ID: {13486D44-4821-11D2-A494-3CB306C10000}
Application Type: Local Server
Authentication Level: Default
Local Path:
OK Cancel Apply

6 In the **OPCEnum Properties** dialog box, click the **Location** tab.

OpcEnum Properties
General Location Security Endpoints Identity
The following settings allow DCDM to locate the correct computer for this application. If you make more than one selection, then DCOM uses the first applicable one. Client applications may overide your selections.
Run application on the computer where the data is located.
Run application on this computer.
Run application on the following computer:
Browse
OK Cancel Apply

7 Make sure that **Run application on this computer** is selected.

- 8 In the **OPCEnum Properties** dialog box, click the **Identity** tab.
- **9** In the Which user account do you want to use to run this application? area, click This user.
- 10 Click Browse.
- 11 In the Select User dialog box, in the Enter the object name to select box, type the name of the desired user account.



#### Important

- It is recommended that you use the designated user account under which you run other OPC servers.
- 12 Click Check Names.

OpcEnum Properties		? 🗙
General Location Security	Endpoints Identity	
Which user account do you	want to use to run this applic	ation?
C The interactive user.		
C The launching user.		
This user.		
User:	.\OPC_Communication	Browse
Password:		
Confirm password:		
C The system account (se	rvices only).	
	OK Cancel	

- **13** In the **Password** box, type the password.
- 14 In the Confirm password box, type the password again.
- 15 Click OK.

#### Important

• You have to restart the computer in order for changes in global settings to take effect.

#### Caution

 $\checkmark$ 

- If you have more than one OPC server installed on the computer you may also have more than one OPCENUM.exe installation.
- You have to make sure that the OPCEnum installation for which you configure DCOM is identical to the OPCEnum installation for which you have made an exception in Windows Firewall.

## REFERENCE

7 TAC Vista OPC Server

## 7 TAC Vista OPC Server

Vista OPC Server is an add-on module to Vista Server, enabling third party OPC-compliant presentation systems to interface with TAC products. The server consists of two separate interfaces:

- OPC Data Access (DA), version 1.0A and 2.05A.
- OPC Alarms and Events (AE), version 1.10.

Objects and signals in the Vista Server database can be read and changed via the OPC Data Access interface. The OPC Alarms and Events interface makes it possible to subscribe to and acknowledge alarms from Vista OPC Server.

Vista OPC Server is implemented as a Windows service and can be started from the Computer Management console.

For information on OPC, see the *TAC Vista OPC Client* - *General*, *Technical Manual*.

The illustration below shows OPC items in a typical Vista database when accessed by an OPC client.

🖃 📷 TAC Object Server OPC DA Services	Name	Canonical	TAC Vista type	~
🖻 🙀 VistaSRV1	🚾 COOLING	String	String value	
🖻 🙀 LTA_1	💷 ECON	String	String value	
E C ACME_Inc	📧 RELIEF	String	String value	
	💷 RTU4	String	String value	
Ist_Floor_LW	📧 SFAN	String	String value	
- 2nd_Floor	TERM_UNITS	String	String value	
	💌 VSD	String	String value	
H CODject Server OPC AE Services	IO M1	String	String value	
	5 \$IO M2	String	String value	
	IO M3	String	String value	
	IO M4	String	String value	
	IO M5	String	String value	
	RTU4 FO_Alarm	String	String value	
	🚾 RTU4 IO_Alarm	String	String value	
	COOLING C_Usage	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	COOLING C1_Alarm	String	String value	
	COOLING C1_Min_Off	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	COOLING C1_Min_On	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	COOLING C1_Start_SP	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	PTCOOLING C1_Start_Stop	Boolean	Binary value	
	PTCOOLING C1_Status	Boolean	Binary value	
	COOLING C1_Stop_SP	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	COOLING C2_Alarm	String	String value	
	COOLING C2_Min_Off	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	COOLING C2_Min_On	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	COOLING C2_Start_SP	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	PTCOOLING C2_Start_Stop	Boolean	Binary value	
	PTCOOLING C2_Status	Boolean	Binary value	
	COOLING C2_Stop_SP	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	COOLING C3_Alarm	String	String value	
	COOLING C3_Min_Off	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	COOLING C3_Min_On	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	COOLING C3_Start_SP	Real (4B)	Analog value	
	≝TCOOLING C3_Start_Stop	Boolean	Binary value	
	≌TCOOLING C3_Status	Boolean	Binary value	
	LOOLTNIC CR SHOP SD	Deal (4D)	Applea uslue	$\mathbf{\mathbf{v}}$

## Index

#### A

Authentication 49

#### С

Configure Windows Firewall 27 Configure DCOM OPCEnum 51 Configure DCOM for OPC 35

### D

DCOM configure for OPC 35 configure OPCEnum 51 DCOM Configuration 51

#### Ε

Exceptions Windows Firewall 27, 30, 32

#### L

Local user authentication 49

#### 0

OPC configure DCOM 35 general 57 OPCEnum 51 configure DCOM 51

#### Ρ

Port exceptions Windows Firewall 32 Preparations 33 Program exceptions Windows Firewall 30

#### U

User authentication 49

#### W

Windows Firewall

allow exceptions 27 configure 27 port exceptions 32 program exceptions 30

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